



## FRAUD PREVENTION PLAN

**Objective:** The framework provided on the following pages is intended to support improved service delivery by highlighting and combating fraud and corruption within the Department. This objective will be achieved by:

- (a) identifying and addressing areas of potential risk
- (b) detecting the existence of fraudulent activities
- (c) increasing levels of awareness about fraud
- (d) establishing effective anti-fraud practices

Date:

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Note: The person responsible for conducting the audit should record their findings in the Outcome column, and sign the last page on completion of the audit.

Strategy	Indicator	Intervention	Outcome
Employee reconciliation	Staff count	Checklist  O Number of employees according to HR records  O Number of employees based on head count  Action  Where employee numbers according to HR differ from actual employee numbers within the department, individual employee names and numbers need to be reconciled and the difference accounted for.	# of employees
Background checks	Reference checking	Checklist  Description  Employee references checked prior to commencing employment  Employee references checked after commencing employment  Employee references not checked  Action  Where reference checks have not been done by HR, the forensic unit needs to conduct reference checks on those employees:  Conduct a minimum of 3 reference checks using referees provided by the employee  Solicit references from the HR department of the previous employer  Compare the results of the reference checks with information provided on the employee's job application  Consult with labour relations in cases of discrepancies  Useful sources of information: DPSA performs reference checks	# of employees

Background	Criminal	Checklist	# of employees
checks	records	o Employee(s) criminal status confirmed prior to commencing employment	
(cont)		o Employee(s) criminal status confirmed after commencing employment	
		o Employee(s) criminal status not confirmed	
-		Where criminal status has not been confirmed by HR, the forensic unit needs to verify the criminal status of the employee(s):	5 5
		<ul> <li>Compare the information on the application form of the employee with information held by the criminal records centre</li> </ul>	
		o In cases of discrepancies consult with the labour relations department	
		Useful sources of information: SAPS	
	Civil records	Checklist	# of employees
		o Employee(s) credit status confirmed prior to commencing employment	
		o Employee(s) credit status confirmed after commencing employment	
		o Employee(s) credit status not confirmed	
		Action	
		Where credit status has not been confirmed by HR, the forensic unit needs to verify the credit status of the employee(s):	
		<ul> <li>Compare the information on the application form of the employee with information held by the credit bureau centre</li> </ul>	*
		o In cases of discrepancies consult with the labour relations department	
		o Credit information can be verified through 5 different credit bureau systems	
		<u>Useful sources of information</u> : Trans Union, ITC, EXPERIAN	

Background	Disciplinary	Checklist	# of employees
checks (cont)	records	o Employee(s) disciplinary records confirmed prior to commencing employment	
		o Employee(s) disciplinary records confirmed after commencing employment	
		<ul> <li>Employee(s) disciplinary records not confirmed</li> <li>Action</li> <li>Where disciplinary records have not been confirmed by HR, the forensic unit needs to verify the disciplinary records of the employee(s):</li> </ul>	
* .		O Compare the information on the application form of the employee with the information held by the DPSA	
		<ul> <li>Solicit references from the HR department of the previous employer (if not already done under reference checking)</li> </ul>	
		o In cases of discrepancies consult with the labour relations department	6
		<u>Useful sources of information</u> : DPSA	4-6
	Employee	<u>Checklist</u>	# of employees
	Business interests	o Employee business and other interests disclosed prior to employment	
	3.11.00.10.10	o Employee business and other interest s disclosed during employment	
		o Employee business and other interests not disclosed	• •
		Action  Where business and other interests have been disclosed, the forensic unit needs to verify whether it is partial or full disclosure:	
		<ul> <li>Special provision is made for the verification of business interests of senior management</li> </ul>	
		o Business interests of all other employees can be verified without such provision	
		<u>Useful sources of information</u> : CIPRO, Credit Bureau Systems	
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Background	Qualifications	Checklist	# of employees
checks		o Employee(s) qualifications confirmed prior to employment	
(cont)		o Employee(s) qualifications confirmed during employment	,
		o Employee(s) qualifications not confirmed	
		Action  Where qualifications have not been confirmed by HR, the forensic unit needs to verify the qualifications of the employee(s):	
		o Compare the information on the application form of the employee with the information held by Umalusi and the respective tertiary institutions	
		o In cases of discrepancies consult with the labour relations department	
		o Extra verification is needed for foreign qualifications (for both previous and current employees)	
		<u>Useful sources of information</u> : Umalusi, Tertiary institutions	
	Validity of curriculum vitae	Checklist  o Employee(s) curriculum vitae confirmed prior to employment	# of employees
		o Employee(s) curriculum vitae confirmed during employment	
		o Employee(s) curriculum vitae not confirmed	
		Action	
		Where curriculum vitae have not been confirmed by HR, the forensic unit needs to verify the curriculum vitae of the employee(s):	
		<ul> <li>Verify the employers, employment dates, and job descriptions given on the curriculum vita of the employee</li> </ul>	
		o In cases of discrepancies consult with the labour relations department	

Blacklisting	NDHS	Checklist	Status
	Database	o Department has a blacklisting database for employees and suppliers	
		o Department has a blacklisting database for employees who defraud NDHS	
	·	o Department keeps no blacklisting records	i.
		Action  Where blacklisting records have not been kept, the forensic unit needs to ascertain the blacklist status of employees and/or suppliers:	
		o Information on fraud committed by suppliers can be obtained from the SIU	
		o Information on fraud committed by employees can be obtained from current HR records and the SIU	
		The black list on employees and suppliers should be consulted by HR and Procurement before appointing or awarding a contract	
		<u>Useful sources of information</u> : SIU, current HR Records, SAPS	
	Provincial	A blacklist is provided for by the National / Provincial Treasury but not utilised	Compliance
	Database	<ul> <li>Names contained on the blacklisting database of the NDHS should be registered on the database of the National / Provincial Treasury department</li> </ul>	
	-	o The NDHS should consult the blacklisting database of National /	
		O Provincial Treasury in conjunction with information registered on the database of the NDHS before appointing an employee or awarding a contract to a supplier	

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National Database	A blacklist is provided for by the national departments of treasury but not utilised	Compliance
	o Names contained on the blacklisting database of the NDHS should be registered on the database of the national treasury department	
	<ul> <li>The NDHS should consult the blacklisting database of national treasury in conjunction with information registered on the database of the NDHS before appointing an employee or awarding a contract to a supplier</li> </ul>	



Anti-Fraud Training	General anti- fraud training	Annual training must be provided on general anti-fraud measures to minimise fraud and corruption	Compliance
		o General anti-fraud training should be used to increase awareness of fraud and the reporting thereof	
		o The training should be directed towards general staff and management	
		<ul> <li>The training should focus on highlighting the risk of fraud and corruption within the NDHS</li> </ul>	
		The purpose of the training should be to enable employees to recognise fraud at the early stages and to prevent the increase or spread of fraud	
	Specific anti-	Specific training interventions should be provided to individual departments	Compliance
	fraud training	O Specialised anti-fraud training should be used for individual high risk areas	
		o For example, staff in procurement departments should receive different anti-fraud training from that given to staff in the HR department	
Surprise	Prevention	Should be executed weekly and planned well in advance	Compliance
Audits /	and detection	o Provides a pro-active means of uncovering fraud	•
Surprise Forensic		O Acts as a deterrent to potential fraudsters	
Reviews		<ul> <li>Reduces reliance on reactive measures, which frees staff to conduct new full investigations</li> </ul>	
		Action	
		Departments that are perceived as high risk (such as procurement and HR) should be subjected to surprise audits to maintain a fraud-free environment	
		A surprise preventative audit can include submitting a database containing employee names to CIPRO to detect undisclosed interests	
		The database containing the names of suppliers can be submitted to SARS to check basic compliance to legal requirements (e.g. tax clearance certificates)	

Fraud Prevention Plan

Shame campaign  O Will provide feedback to stakeholders and the community about successes achieved through fraud prevention initiatives  O Will alert employees to the dangers of fraud  O Will shame employees who have been caught and disciplined (but without disclosing identities)  O Should include information regarding policy successes and updates  O Can promote the role of the fraud hotline in contributing to successful investigations  O Can be distributed by means of newsletters, pop ups, email notifications	Name and	Public	Should be executed bi-annually	Compliance
<ul> <li>Will shame employees who have been caught and disciplined (but without disclosing identities)</li> <li>Should include information regarding policy successes and updates</li> <li>Can promote the role of the fraud hotline in contributing to successful investigations</li> </ul>		awareness		
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Awaiting follow-up	Notes	,			Date
Employee reconciliation	0			3	1
Background checks	S	5		=	
Blacklisting			71	0	
Anti-fraud training	•	, ,	(1)		
Surprise audits / reviews		.0.		•	
Name & shame campaign		OX	HA		

Date:

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## **RESPONSIBILITIES**

Responsibility	Director General	
Implementation	Director: Special Investigations	
Compliance	EMT	
Monitoring and Evaluation	Chief Director: Internal Audit, Risk Management and Special Investigations	
Development and/ or review	Director: Special Investigations	
Interpretation and advice	Risk Management Committee & Audit Committee	

## **POLICY APPROVAL**

Policy No.			1	0)	
Approved/ not approved	7		4		
Date Approved	2			6	
Director General	<u></u>		Thabane Zulu		
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Signature			18	2	

KHUMOETSILE GAESALE

CHIEF DIRECTOR: INTERNAL AUDIT,

**RISK MANAGEMENT AND SPECIAL INVESTIGATIONS** 

DATE: 14/03/11

Department:

Approved By:

**THABANE ZULU** 

**DIRECTOR GENERAL:** 

NATIONAL DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SETTLEMENT DATE: 15/03/201/